Consultation Paper: Public Consultation

July 2011

Revised Guidelines for Continuing Professional Development

Overview of the consultation

The Osteopathy Board of Australia (OBA) issued Guidelines for Continuing Professional Development (CPD Guidelines) in June 2010. Since that time, it has become apparent that it would be useful to provide additional guidance to osteopaths to support their participation in mandatory continuing professional development.

Accordingly, the Board has revised its CPD guidelines to provide additional information and assistance to osteopaths. The guidelines do not change the fundamental requirements of mandatory CPD set out in the Board’s CPD Registration Standard, published on the Board’s website at www.osteopathyboard.gov.au. However, because the revised CPD guidelines provide much more detail and information, and are presented quite differently to the current guidelines, the Board has decided to consult on the revised guidelines.

The Board has drawn on the approach and experience of the General Osteopathic Council of the United Kingdom, which has been administering a mandatory CPD scheme for some time. The Board gratefully acknowledges the assistance of the Council.

Key changes from the current guidelines include:

- A requirement for eight hours of CPD to involve learning with others
- Clarification that the Board requires osteopaths to complete mandatory CPD modules every two years in areas such as the following:
  - risk management
  - record keeping
  - informed consent
  - privacy and
  - overview of the National Law and OBA Registration Standards, Codes and Guidelines.

Under the National Law, the Board is required to undertake wide-ranging consultation on proposed registration standards and guidelines. For more information about the National Law, please refer to www.ahpra.gov.au. The Board recognizes that constructive participation of the profession and the community in the consultation process strengthens the final standards and guidelines adopted by the Board.

Interested parties are invited to make written submissions on this proposal, before the Board submits the final proposed guidelines to the Ministerial Council. Please note that your submission will be placed on the Board’s website unless you indicate otherwise.

If you wish to provide comments on this draft paper, please provide written comments in electronic form to osteoboardconsultation@ahpra.gov.au by close of business on Friday 26 August 2011.
Continuing Professional Development Guidelines

July 2011
Revised draft July 2011

Please note: this document will be revised and reformatted for public consultation

Introduction

The Osteopathy Board of Australia (OBA) Continuing Professional Development (CPD) guidelines were adapted from guidelines developed by the General Osteopathic Council in the United Kingdom. The Board expects the guidelines will evolve over time. The OBA will take note of any new or evolving CPD approaches and audit requirements and will work with all stakeholders to modify and update the guidelines as appropriate.

Continuing Professional Development is undertaken with the aim of maintaining and enhancing your professional work.

It is a pathway to forming knowledge, the basis of future development and career progression. Identifying strengths and weaknesses, CPD is about dedicating the time to look at where you are, where you want to be and how you are going to get there.

It is an important part of professional life to continue to learn and develop in order to maintain and enhance professional standards of practice. This is especially important for healthcare professionals whose actions may have direct consequences for their patients.

This guideline has been developed by the Osteopathy Board of Australia under section 39 of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law Act (National Law) as in force in each state and territory. The guideline supplements the requirements set out in the Board’s Continuing Professional Development registration standard. Under section 41 of the National Law, guidelines are admissible in proceedings under this Law as evidence of what constitutes professional conduct or practice for the health profession.

Who needs to use these guidelines?

These guidelines are developed to provide guidance to registered health practitioners or those seeking to become registered health practitioners in the osteopathy profession. It applies to all registered osteopaths, except those with non-practising registration, students and in some circumstances, osteopaths with limited registration.

Here we provide an outline of the CPD scheme and guidance on meeting the requirements. Although it is extremely difficult to produce succinct guidelines that address everyone’s concerns, we hope this document will help you in making CPD an integral and valued aspect of your professional work as an osteopath.

If you have any queries about these guidelines, please email an online enquiry form from the AHPRA website and select ‘Board matters’ from the drop down menu, or phone 1300 419 495 to speak to AHPRA staff in your state or territory.
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01 What is continuing professional development?

Continuing Professional Development (CPD) is a term used to describe activities undertaken to maintain, enhance and develop existing knowledge and skills after completing a professional qualification.

For the purpose of the Osteopathy Board of Australia (OBA), CPD is defined as any learning undertaken by an osteopath – such as lectures, seminars, courses, practical sessions, individual study or other activities – that can reasonably be expected to advance your professional development or contribute to the development of osteopathy. An important aspect is that this learning should be applied to your professional work.

We all have different backgrounds and learning experiences, and you are best placed to identify your own professional strengths and weaknesses, knowledge and skills gaps, and short- and long-term goals. You are also the best person to decide how to address these through setting your own professional aims and objectives. CPD offers an opportunity to take time to look at where you are currently in your professional life, where you want to be in the future, and how you are going to achieve this.

1.1 Why should I undertake CPD?

Benefits for patients:
- Improvement in the quality of the osteopathic care provided, arising from the continuing enhancement of the practitioner’s knowledge and skills
- Reassurance that the osteopath is keeping up to date with practice
- Increasing confidence in the professional abilities of the osteopath, leading to improved patient/practitioner relationships.

Benefits for you:
- Greater esteem for the profession in the eyes of the public and other healthcare professionals, leading to an increase in patient numbers both directly or by referral
- An opportunity to focus on and plan your career
- Evidence of continuing competence and key achievements
- Development of new knowledge and skills
- Improved professional relationships with osteopathic colleagues and other professionals
- Increased job satisfaction
- Greater awareness of developments in the field of osteopathy.

Benefits for the osteopathic profession:
- Greater sense of professional awareness
- Potential improvement in the cohesion of the profession
- A demonstration to the public that osteopaths take seriously the enhancement of quality and safety in patient care.

02 CPD – the key points

A brief summary of the key points of the CPD process is provided below.

2.1 Ensure you are aware of your CPD requirements

The Board’s CPD registration standard requires all registered osteopaths (except those with non-practising registration, students and in some circumstances osteopaths with limited registration) to undertake the following CPD activities:
- a) a minimum of 25 hours of CPD in each annual registration period including a mandatory CPD activity approved by the Board and
- b) an approved course in first aid, resulting in the maintenance of a current first aid certificate at the minimum standard of a Senior First Aid (level 2) certificate or equivalent to be updated every three years, with the CPR component being updated every 12 months.
Applicants who are registered part-way through a registration period must complete six hours of CPD for every three months of registration remaining in the registration period plus maintain a current Senior First Aid (level 2) certificate or equivalent.

2.2 You must complete your CPD requirement in the specified period

If you suspect you will be unable to meet these requirements for any good reason, you should contact the OBA as soon as possible for advice. Any request for a reduction or waiver of CPD requirements must be submitted in writing. These requests are considered on an individual basis and you should not assume that reduction or waiver is automatic.

2.3 Ensure you keep a record of your CPD activities, in your CPD Record Folder

All osteopaths must maintain an up-to-date record folder of CPD activities undertaken. The record folder must remain current for three years.

2.4 Complete your annual declaration of compliance

When applying for re-registration at each renewal date after 30 November 2011, practitioners will be required to sign a declaration that confirms that they are complying with the CPD registration standard.

2.5 CPD is a requirement of your registration

Section 128 of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law Act as in force in each state and territory (the National Law) provides that failure to comply with the CPD requirements is not a criminal offence, but may constitute behaviour for which health, conduct or performance action may be taken.

If the Board finds, through declaration or audit, that an osteopath has not met the CPD requirements, it may:

- require the osteopath to undergo an assessment and/or
- require the osteopath to undertake further CPD or supervised practice, and/or
- impose conditions on the osteopath’s registration, and/or
- instigate disciplinary proceedings.

An osteopath who knowingly makes a false declaration may be considered by the Board to have engaged in unprofessional conduct or professional misconduct and, as such, may be managed by the Board through the disciplinary mechanisms available under the National Law. These mechanisms include sanctions ranging from cautioning or reprimanding the registrant to cancellation of registration.

2.6 You may be requested by the OBA to submit a copy of the evidence contained in your CPD Record Folder

Audited practitioners will be required to submit to the Board evidence of their compliance with the Continuing Professional Development registration standard. Upon receipt of an audit notice, osteopaths will have 30 calendar days to supply evidence to the Board of their CPD compliance.
03 The CPD requirements

3.1 Who is required to undertake CPD?
All registered osteopaths (except students, those with non-practising registration and in some circumstances osteopaths with limited registration) must undertake CPD. It is important that you maintain and enhance your professional work as an osteopath, whether or not you are in full-time practice.

3.2 Who is exempt from the CPD Requirements?
The Board may grant an exemption from the CPD requirements in exceptional circumstances such as extended illness or bereavement.

Practitioners seeking exemption must apply in writing and provide valid supporting documentation to their application. All applications for exemptions will be determined on an individual case by case basis.

3.3 How much CPD am I required to complete?

*Mandatory activity determined by the Board*

A minimum of four hours of your CPD must be the mandatory activity determined by the Board.

There are two categories of CPD:

1. *Learning by oneself* – any relevant learning activity that does not involve other people.
2. *Learning with others* – any relevant learning activity that involves interaction with osteopaths, healthcare practitioners or other professionals.

A minimum of eight hours of your CPD must fall within the category *Learning with others*. There is no minimum requirement for *Learning by oneself*, which means that you may choose to complete the full 25 hours with the mandatory activity plus activities that fall within the category *Learning with others*.

The Board’s Continuing Professional Development registration standard requires all registered osteopaths (except students, those with non-practising registration and in some circumstances osteopaths with limited registration) to undertake the following CPD activities to comply with the Board’s CPD registration standard:

a) a minimum of 25 hours of CPD in each annual registration period including a mandatory CPD activity approved by the Board and

b) a course in first aid, resulting in the maintenance of a current first aid certificate at the minimum standard of a Senior First Aid (level 2) certificate or equivalent to be updated every three years, with the CPR component being updated every 12 months.

Applicants who are registered partway through a registration period must complete six hours of CPD for every three months of registration remaining in the registration period plus maintain a current Senior First Aid (level 2) certificate or equivalent.

3.4 What activities are acceptable for CPD?

*Mandatory activity*

In accordance with information collated by the Australian Osteopathic Association, which is consistent with the experience of the previous state and territory Osteopaths Registration Boards, the claims and complaints experience in osteopathy over the past five years to 2011 is generally as follows:

- 28% relate to injury exacerbation
- 6.5% relate to allegations of cervical injuries
- 6% relate to alleged fractures, primarily of the ribs
- 4% relate to inappropriate conduct
• 4% relate to breaches of privacy
• 8% relate to registration board matters leading to a civil claim

Other claims have included a range of issues including general dissatisfaction with care, misleading advertising, falls from equipment and allegations of negligent treatment.

A common theme running through many of the complaint and claims matters is the issue of inadequacy of communication at various levels, including pre-care and history taking, and in record keeping. Accordingly, these inadequacies frequently result in problems of informed consent to treatment.

In each CPD cycle of 12 months, practitioners will be required to complete a mandatory CPD module covering the following competencies such as:

• risk management
• record keeping
• informed consent
• privacy
• overview of the National Law and OBA Registration Standards, Codes and Guidelines

These competencies are fundamental to safe practice and the claims and complaints experience suggests that all practitioners can benefit from regular education and refresher updates in respect of these issues every two years.

Completion of these modules may be fulfilled by attendance at a subject specific course. Practitioners will note there is no mandatory or accredited course provider.

Other CPD

All CPD undertaken should be relevant to your professional work as an osteopath. The responsibility to choose CPD that is beneficial to your practice lies with you. Use your professional judgement to decide what is appropriate. The OBA has the right to challenge your choice of activities, but this is only likely to occur if an activity does not obviously meet the purpose of the process, i.e. to maintain or enhance your professional work as an osteopath. You should not just randomly select activities in order to meet your CPD requirement.

To this end, you are encouraged to spend some time identifying your own aims and objectives for CPD. You may wish to address areas of relative weakness in your professional work as an osteopath, or enhance existing skills, pursue career goals or professional interests, and/or contribute to activities intended to benefit the profession as a whole. Please refer to Section 4.1 Reviewing, reflecting and identifying your CPD learning needs, page 14 for further details.

You may find it useful to focus on issues which are common areas of notifications, such as informed consent and communication.

The CPD scheme allows flexibility to choose from a wide range of CPD activities, but it is important that these are suited to your needs. Bear in mind also that at least eight hours of CPD must fall within the category Learning with others. Table 1 on page 10 offers examples of CPD activities you may wish to consider.

The CPD scheme for osteopaths is flexible, but in claiming CPD hours you should consider the following:

Hours claimed

The number of hours you claim for CPD activities should be reasonable. If the OBA considers that the time claimed for an activity is exaggerated or unreasonable, this will be challenged. An example of this might be hours claimed for travelling to a course, or excessive hours claimed for reading a brief article.
Level of CPD activity

Consider carefully the level of a CPD activity you plan to undertake. Do not select activities that are unlikely to consolidate or enhance your existing knowledge and skills. When Learning with others, the knowledge level of the other person/people involved in the interaction should be appropriate for the activity being completed. For example, if you discuss anatomy with a patient who does not possess anatomical knowledge, this is likely to be a very limited learning and development opportunity for you.

Similarly, when using reference materials such as books, scientific papers, journals, websites, etc., consider the appropriateness of the level and the audience that they are aimed at.

Proportion and range of CPD activities

Consider the proportion and range of the CPD activities you undertake. Ultimately the purpose of CPD is to maintain and improve your professional ability as an osteopath. While there are a wide range of skills that help you to achieve this, the main focus of your CPD should be on osteopathy. Therefore, you should try to ensure a balance with other activities within a registration year and over the period of a number of years. For example, if you undertake a business course in a registration year, you should try to balance this with something that focuses more on an osteopathic skill.

CPD is also meant to help develop an osteopath as a whole across the range of their professional work, so continual focus on one narrow aspect of practice every year will not meet the purpose of the registration standard.

Table 1 – Examples of CPD activities

The information in the following table is a guide and is not intended to be a definitive list.
Table 1 – Examples of CPD activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPD Activity</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Learning category</th>
<th>Examples of evidence for your CPD Record folder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Structured osteopathic training courses</td>
<td>Osteopathic training that benefits your professional practice</td>
<td>With others</td>
<td>Certificate or other proof of attendance, study notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structured non-osteopathic training courses</td>
<td>Training in non-osteopathic subjects that will advance your professional work as an osteopath</td>
<td>With others</td>
<td>Certificate or other proof of attendance, study notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lectures</td>
<td>Attending lectures related to your professional work as an osteopath</td>
<td>With others</td>
<td>Proof of attendance, lecture notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group or practice meetings</td>
<td>Discussion focused on a specific area of practice</td>
<td>With others</td>
<td>A declaration of attendance or meeting notes signed by you</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Higher education</td>
<td>Further qualifications such as Bachelor or Science, Masters of Science, PhD or post-graduate diploma</td>
<td>With others or by oneself</td>
<td>You need to indicate how specific sections of your course of study advance your professional work as an osteopath. Study notes, research and other material produced in relation to this course should be included in your CPD Record Folder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teaching/mentoring/ Tutorials</td>
<td>Production of educational materials such as lesson plans and lecture notes, which have advanced your own professional work as an osteopath, group discussion</td>
<td>By oneself or with others</td>
<td>Copy of educational materials produced, Record of discussions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publishing</td>
<td>Production of a publication in relation to your professional work as an osteopath</td>
<td>By oneself or with others</td>
<td>Copy of article, paper, journal, book</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distance learning</td>
<td>Learning delivered using means such as correspondence, television, telephone, email, internet, webcast, webinars etc</td>
<td>By oneself or with others</td>
<td>Certificate or other proof of completion, study notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading and reviewing publications</td>
<td>Reading and reviewing articles, papers, journals and books in relation to your professional work as an osteopath</td>
<td>By oneself</td>
<td>Review of text, summary notes or evidence of practical application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet research</td>
<td>Research conducted via the internet in relation to your professional work as an osteopath</td>
<td>By oneself</td>
<td>Review of text, summary notes or evidence of practical application</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.5 How to decide whether a CPD activity is acceptable

Even with the best CPD schemes, there will be some uncertainty as to what is deemed an acceptable activity. In this section we offer some specific examples that may help you in planning your future CPD.

Delivery or enhancement of skills

If the activity simply involves the delivery of your professional knowledge and skills in your work as an osteopath, for example treating patients or delivering a lecture, this will not be acceptable for CPD purposes. If the activity is deliberately chosen to enhance or develop your professional knowledge and skills this is likely to be acceptable as CPD.

Time spent planning and recording CPD

The time you spend selecting, planning and recording your CPD does not count towards your annual requirement of 25 hours. Nor will the time spent compiling your CPD Record Folder and completing your CPD Annual Declaration.

Teaching and/or research

Teaching within the osteopathic arena will not automatically count towards CPD and will depend on the type of development involved. Direct development – through discussion and debate with colleagues, the sourcing and preparation of new lecture material, teacher training programmes and involvement in research – constitutes an appropriate form of CPD.

Indirect learning – for example, the development of communication and educational skills arising from the repetitive practice of delivering lectures, tutoring and mentoring – does not fulfil the purpose of this scheme and will not be accepted as CPD.

(This type of learning can be said to arise also from osteopathic practice, where the continued and repetitive delivery of osteopathic treatment might be said to improve osteopathic skills in a similar way. Nevertheless, this form of development is not sufficient to qualify as CPD.)

It is important to be clear as to the purpose and time spent on teaching and/or research activities. Ill-defined claims for CPD hours, for example assuming that a certain percentage of your teaching hours must count towards CPD, will not be sufficient.

Long-term study

If you are currently undertaking a formal course of long-term study, for example, a Masters of Science (MSc) programme, you may count your study hours towards your CPD requirement. You must however demonstrate how your study has been beneficial to the maintenance and development of your professional work as an osteopath. When recording such activities in your CPD Record Folder, you should identify specific areas of your study that count towards your CPD and list them separately, including the number of hours spent on each area.

Reading and research undertaken by oneself

While the scheme is flexible enough to allow the inclusion of private study, such as reading articles and research papers, these should be clearly focused activities. Ill-defined claims are not acceptable. When including reading and research activities within your programme of CPD, you are expected to explain your aim and the value of this to your professional development. The level of the activity is also important to consider. For example, Osteo Life (the newsletter of the Australian Osteopathic Association) is not primarily a CPD journal; therefore it would not be acceptable to claim CPD hours for reading it each month, without referencing the appropriate articles that would count towards your CPD.

You should also bear in mind that some form of evidence is required for your CPD Record Folder. This could be notes taken during research, a written evaluation of reading material (using the Evaluating your CPD activities form, for example – see Section 7) or a list of reference material that you have read.
Promotional and business activities

You may claim CPD hours for activities related to the development of business and promotional skills relevant to your work as an osteopath. However, the act of promoting your business itself would not be considered CPD. For example, while a course on the use of advertising for small businesses could count as CPD, the time spent in designing and placing advertisements for your business would not qualify. Similarly, business activities such as staff interviews, typing up patient records, conducting staff appraisal, meetings with accountants, etc. are regarded as part of your daily work and do not qualify as CPD.

Professional or personal development?

It is sometimes difficult to distinguish between those activities undertaken for personal development and those that are primarily professional development. Ask yourself whether you are undertaking the activity primarily to enhance your professional development and to benefit your practice and patients – or is the link more tenuous? For example, personal exercise/fitness classes, meditation classes, driving lessons and language courses would not be considered acceptable for professional development.

Social and recreational occasions

You will need to consider very carefully whether a social/recreational occasion fulfils adequately the appropriate level of learning and development activity for CPD purposes. If you do include such occasions, you will need to state clearly what learning you gained from the experience and claim only a reasonable number of hours. Vague claims, such as ‘general discussion with osteopathic colleagues at professional association social event’ or ‘observing from an osteopathic perspective my child playing football’ and similar, are not deemed acceptable for CPD purposes.

Undertaking CPD for more than one healthcare profession

If you are registered in two professions and undertake CPD activities to meet the requirements of another healthcare profession, such as medicine, this may count towards your osteopathic CPD requirement so long as you can demonstrate that you are meeting the requirements for both professions and that these activities are beneficial to the maintenance and development of your professional work as an osteopath.

Osteopathic treatment of animals

CPD activities undertaken in relation to the treatment of animals may be included as part of your CPD requirements, but you must show very clearly how this relates to your scope of practice.

OBA Conditional Practice Order

If the OBA has imposed conditions on your registration that stipulates the participation in specific activities to enhance your practice, you will be able to count the hours spent in these towards your CPD requirement.

3.6 Accreditation of CPD activities

The OBA does not accredit CPD activities, such as training courses and lectures. The OBA’s view is that accrediting CPD is complex and resource intensive and has the effect of limiting the range of available training and significantly raising attendance costs.

As a general guide when selecting CPD activities such as training courses and lectures, you might consider the following points:

- Is the activity relevant to your professional work as an osteopath?
- Does the activity have clear learning aims and objectives that meet your own requirements?
- The standards, qualifications and reputation of the training provider
- The qualifications, background and reputation of the speaker or lecturer
• The cost of the activity and whether it represents a good investment in your practice
• Accessibility, accommodation and facilities provided ie good or poor
• How is the activity quality monitored? Are you invited to provide feedback in order that the activity can be improved in the future?

3.7 What evidence of CPD must I provide?

All osteopaths will be expected to provide evidence that they have met their annual CPD requirements. This will include an annual declaration of compliance and the maintenance of a CPD Record Folder.

All activities included in the CPD Record Folder must be fully described, so that the type of activity (eg.course, reading, etc.) and the subject/topic of the activity, is clearly evident to any reviewer. The OBA will not accept generalities on the form with regard to activities. There should be a clear purpose to the activity, and the number of hours spent should be clearly specified. For example, it would not be sufficient for osteopaths to simply claim two hours per year for reading Osteo Life (the newsletter of the Australian Osteopathic Association) – the OBA requires reference to specific articles that have helped to inform practice. Similarly, practice meetings should have a clear purpose and a reasonable number of hours for each occasion should be clearly specified on the form.

It is not necessary to detail all of the CPD you complete during your registration year. Although most osteopaths will exceed the minimum requirement for CPD, the OBA only needs a declaration that the minimum requirement has been met – 25 hours of CPD that includes the mandatory activity and at least eight hours in the category Learning with others.

CPD Record Folder

This is your main record of CPD and should be maintained in a suitably organised manner, in an electronic or paper format. Records should be in chronological order and easily accessible should the OBA wish to see them.

Each year, the OBA will sample a number of CPD Record Folders to verify that there was a sound basis for your annual declaration of compliance with CPD requirements. If requested, you will need to provide either an electronic or paper copy of your folder – information on how to do this will be provided by the OBA at the time. All information will be treated as strictly confidential.

The OBA may request to view your CPD Record Folder for up to three years after completion. Therefore, you will need to retain your CPD records for a minimum of three years.

It is important that you retain detailed notes for any activity you are including in your CPD Record Folder where verification is not straightforward, in case your folder is requested. For example, for group/practice meetings you will need to produce the minutes/notes of the meeting or produce a certificate listing all the topics covered, signed by the attendees.

Complying with the Board’s CPD registration standard is not intended to be onerous in terms of administration. You will simply have to retain notes and evidence of CPD and submit the CPD Declaration of compliance once a year.

Other forms included in the CPD Guidelines are there to guide you through the process from reviewing your CPD learning needs, through planning and evaluation. While it is strongly recommended that you make use of these forms, it is not compulsory. If you wish to use your own methods/documentation for recording the relevance of CPD activities then you may do so.

3.8 Deferral or waiver of the requirements

The OBA has the power to defer or waive CPD requirements under special circumstances. If your situation prevents you from completing your CPD requirement, you must contact the OBA at the earliest opportunity to inform us of this. Each case will be considered on an individual basis. Bereavement, divorce and maternity leave are examples of circumstances that may prevent you from
meeting your CPD requirements. However, other circumstances will be considered on their individual merit.

3.9 What happens if I do not comply with the requirements?

If you do not comply with the CPD requirements, you will not be eligible to renew your registration. Section 128 of the National Law provides that failure to comply with the CPD requirements is not a criminal offence, but may constitute behaviour for which health, conduct or performance action may be taken.

If the Board finds, through declaration or audit, that an osteopath has not met the CPD requirements, it may:

- require the osteopath to undergo an assessment and/or
- require the osteopath to undertake further CPD or supervised practice, and/or
- impose conditions on the osteopath’s registration, and/or
- instigate disciplinary proceedings.

An osteopath who makes a false declaration knowingly may be considered by the Board to have engaged in unprofessional conduct or professional misconduct and, as such, may be managed by the Board through the disciplinary mechanisms available under the National Law. These mechanisms include sanctions ranging from cautioning or reprimanding the registrant to cancellation of registration.

04 Managing your CPD?

To ensure that CPD successfully contributes to effective professional learning and development, learning activities should ideally be:

- planned on the basis of an identified learning need
- prioritised
- relevant to the individual osteopath
- related to osteopathic professional standards and
- realistic and achievable.

A structured approach to managing your CPD is advised, and a suggested method which may help you to achieve this is outlined below.

4.1 Reviewing, reflecting and identifying your CPD learning needs

Where am I now?
Before you embark on any CPD, take time to consider the stage you are at in your professional life. Consider the following questions:

- Where am I now in my professional life and what have I already achieved?
- What are my strengths and what areas do I need to develop further?
- What challenges in my professional work as an osteopath have I found difficult and not fully addressed?
- What development of my knowledge and skills would enhance my practice as an osteopath for the benefit of my patients?
- What learning activities are ongoing and what progress has been made?
- What previous CPD learning needs are to be reinforced or advanced?

Where do I want to be?
You should also consider your aims and objectives for the future:

- What areas of interest would I like to pursue further?
- What aspirations do I have for my career and what direction should I take?
- What areas of learning are vital for my career progression?

Ideas for answering these questions
Answering these questions will help you to identify your learning needs that can be addressed through CPD. It is important to be open and honest when reviewing and reflecting on your professional practice as an osteopath, so that the CPD you undertake is meaningful.

Some suggested ideas that may help you to answer these questions are provided below:

- Reviewing OBA guidelines:
  - Code of Conduct, in particular in relation to:
    - Effective communication
    - Confidentiality and privacy
    - Informed consent
    - Adverse events and open disclosure
    - Professional boundaries

- Experience in professional osteopathic practice:
  - a particular clinical problem or questions presented by a patient
  - a treatment that went particularly well
  - a feeling that some osteopathic treatment techniques could be better applied
  - difficulty in communicating with a patient
  - practice audit.

- Interaction with others:
  - discussion with osteopathic colleagues, other healthcare practitioner colleagues, students and friends
  - participation in practice meetings, conferences or working groups
  - teaching activities
  - an appraisal from an employer
  - peer review of aspects of your professional osteopathic practice.

- Research and learning:
  - reading a clinical journal or textbook
  - reflection after completing a research project that generates new ‘questions’ you wish to explore
  - watching a television programme about a healthcare issue that would usefully be followed up with more detailed research
  - internet research into clinical problems or sources of patient advice.

- Previous CPD activity:

If you have previously completed CPD then you should also reflect on past activities and how successful they have been in meeting your CPD aims. This will enable you to determine what progress you have made and which learning needs might be taken forward, with any necessary modification, to the new CPD period.

These will help you to reflect on areas of professional work as an osteopath where you may need to refresh or further develop your knowledge and skills.

Further considerations

In determining your learning needs it is important to be honest with yourself and open to new challenges. You should consider particularly how your patients are likely to benefit from how you choose to enhance your knowledge and skills.

Consider also the proportion of different activities that contribute to your professional work as an osteopath. These might fall into:

- clinical osteopathic practice
- educational activities, e.g. teaching, research, examining, publishing, mentoring, supervising including of overseas qualified osteopaths and
- non-clinical activities, e.g. practice management, IT activities, committee work, representing the profession, writing, book reviews.

Identify learning needs across a range of different areas of your professional work as an osteopath. The main focus should be on osteopathy, so you need to achieve a balance with other relevant CPD.
The osteopathic profession exists to care for patients. This should be reflected in prioritising your learning needs and your choice of CPD activity. It is also worth reflecting on what factors identify you as an osteopath. This may produce many different answers but will ultimately be important for the identity of the osteopathic profession as a whole and should underpin decisions regarding your choice of CPD activity.

It may be helpful to make notes on your thoughts when reviewing your CPD learning needs. In this way you can refer to these throughout your registration year, and in subsequent years, to evaluate your progress towards meeting longer-term goals. You may choose to use the Reviewing your CPD learning needs form, an example of which is provided in Appendix A.

4.2 Planning your CPD

If you find that you have identified several areas of practice where you feel further development would be beneficial (i.e. your learning needs), you should try to prioritise them in terms of importance. This will help you to plan whether the learning need should be addressed immediately or at some point in the future, in other registration years.

Setting learning objectives

You will then be ready to decide exactly what you hope to achieve, by setting learning objectives for each of your learning needs.

For example: if you have identified that you are unsure about some aspects of clinical neurological testing (a learning need), you could set a learning objective of: ‘I will be able to perform a quick, relevant and complete neurological examination to evaluate patients presenting with headache’.

Your learning objectives need to be realistic and achievable. You may be familiar with the term SMART, an acronym which describes the key attributes for producing a successful learning objective:

- **Specific**
  
  What exactly do I wish to learn?

- **Measurable**
  
  How will I know when I have achieved my learning objective?

- **Achievable**
  
  Have I been realistic in terms of time, cost and support constraints?

- **Relevant**
  
  Is the objective really relevant to my identified learning needs to advance my professional development as an osteopath?

- **Timed**
  
  What deadlines should I set for achieving the objective?

You may find SMART a useful way to plan your objectives for CPD.

Prioritising learning

You can then prioritise your learning objectives. This will enable you to plan short-, medium and long-term learning activities. For example, some CPD, such as improved case history recording, could be completed by attending a one-day seminar. Others, such as a Masters degree, may take several
years. Bearing in mind that you will need to comply with the OBA’s CPD registration standard each year, you should look to break up these long-term learning needs into more manageable objectives for CPD purposes. Taking the example of the Masters degree, you could break this into smaller objectives relating to the degree’s published modules, which could be completed over a shorter period and contribute to your CPD returns for a given year.

Set a time by which you should have completed each learning objective. This will help you to monitor your progress throughout the CPD year, as well as reviewing how realistic and achievable the objective is.

Selecting CPD activities

Consider what types of learning activity would best address a particular objective, as well as your personal circumstances. If you are located in a remote area, you may wish to place more emphasis on activities such as distance learning, e.g. on-line courses and e-mail correspondence with other healthcare practitioners. It is important to remember, however, that at least eight hours of CPD activity must fall into the category Learning with others.

Refer to page 10, Table 1, for examples of CPD learning activities in each of the categories.

Focus on the quality of learning activities, not just on the quantity. The activities should inspire you, relate to your professional work as an osteopath, and meet the targets you have identified for your learning needs.

The level of the activity should be carefully considered. Activities should not be selected if they are unlikely to consolidate or enhance existing knowledge. Along similar lines, when Learning with others, the knowledge level of the person involved in the interaction should be appropriate for the activity being completed.

Similarly, when using reference materials such as books, scientific papers, journals, websites, etc., consider the appropriateness of the level and the audience that it is aimed at. Remember that your plan should be realistic and achievable, and compatible with the other important commitments in your life. Setting yourself unattainable goals or undertaking excessive amounts of CPD may be detrimental to your morale, your private life and your practice.

Other questions to consider:

- How will you meet the requirement that at least 8 hours of CPD activity should consist of Learning with others?
- What activities will suit the way you learn?
- What new learning activity have you not tried before?
- What resources and opportunities are available?

When planning your learning activities, you may wish to use the Planning your CPD form, an example of which is provided in Appendix B.

4.3 Undertaking your CPD

Once you have clearly identified your objectives, and have made a plan for the desired learning activities, you can put the plan into action. It will help keep CPD manageable if you try to follow the deadline you set for each objective. Keep notes and evidence of CPD activities completed, to form part of your CPD Record Folder. This will help you to reflect on what you have achieved and how successfully this addressed your original identified learning needs.

4.4 Evaluating your progress

Having implemented your plan of action, consider whether you have achieved your original learning objectives. The CPD activities may have succeeded in achieving your objectives; alternatively, you may find that only some of your aims were achieved, or that the activities did not help at all. This evaluation will allow you to re-assess your current situation and help plan for future CPD based on your experiences.

When evaluating your learning activities, you may wish to use the Evaluating your CPD activities form, an example of which is provided in Appendix C.
4.5 Unplanned or ‘opportunistic’ learning

This is learning that was not planned, but resulted from an activity that taught you a valuable lesson. For example, you attend a practice meeting or a teaching faculty meeting where you learn a new osteopathic technique that improves your treatment approach for particular patients; or you read a professional journal that enhances your understanding of a clinical scenario. You can record this activity, using the Evaluating your CPD activities form or in a written format of your choice.

05 CPD Resources

Below are some suggested sources for information on osteopathic CPD:


There are other providers of osteopathy CPD and osteopaths should investigate their own sources.

06 Feedback

It is hoped that you will find the CPD process sufficiently fair and flexible to adapt to your lifestyle and development needs. However, we realise that in practice you may encounter difficulties with the process or you may identify areas for improvement. The OBA encourages you to send us your comments and suggestions.

You may contact the OBA at osteoboardconsultation@ahpra.gov.au. It may not be possible to give an individual response to all feedback received, but all correspondence will be reviewed and considered by the OBA and used, where appropriate, in the future development of the CPD process.

07 Example CPD forms

The following appendices give examples of completed CPD recording forms.

Appendix A
Reviewing your CPD learning needs form – example

Appendix B
Planning your CPD form – example

Appendix C
Evaluating your CPD activities form – example

Appendix D
CPD Annual Summary Form – example

These forms can be downloaded from the OBA’s website: [www.osteopathyboard.gov.au](http://www.osteopathyboard.gov.au)
Reviewing your CPD learning needs form – example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CPD year</th>
<th>Registration id</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Achievements in my professional work as an osteopath are:** (you may wish to summarise here and also attach your most recent cv)

- Running a successful practice and being a good employer for other osteopaths
- Clinic Tutor at Victoria university osteopathic program
- External examiner at the Southern Cross University Osteopathic program
- Post-graduate diploma in paediatrics at RMIT University
- Regional coordinator for the Geelong Group of osteopaths

**Areas of strength in my professional work as an osteopath are:**

- Communication with and being empathetic with patients
- Treatment of sports injuries
- Good HVLA thrust technique
- Being a fair and considerate employer
- Enthusiastic tutor

**Areas for development in my professional work as an osteopath are:**

- Use of computers in practice
Research – knowledge of doing research and also in keeping up to date

Updating knowledge for a range of problems, especially headache and spondylolisthesis

Greater awareness of medico-legal issues affecting osteopathic practice

What are my short, medium and long term learning needs and how are these relevant to my professional work as an osteopath?

Become more computer literate – to help practice efficiency

Improve approach to patients presenting with headache – to improve confidence in my treatment in this area

Pursue interest in treating children with coordination difficulties – long term interest

Update knowledge on informed consent – needs regular updating

Learn more about spondylolisthesis – seen 3 patients recently with this and want to enhance my knowledge and skills in this area

Get more involved in research – start slowly to see how things go and then look at the possibility of getting a research degree such as a Masters of Science
## Planning your CPD form – example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CPD year</th>
<th>Registration id</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified learning need</th>
<th>My learning objective</th>
<th>Planned learning activity</th>
<th>Estimated CPD hours</th>
<th>Target completion date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Update knowledge on Osteopathy Board of Australia Guidelines and risk management</td>
<td>Learn the most recent information on record keeping, informed consent and patient communication</td>
<td>Osteopathy Board of Australia mandatory CPD module at Chiropractic and Osteopathic College of Australasia seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>December 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Become more computer literate</td>
<td>Learn to use Microsoft Word efficiently to write patients' letters quickly</td>
<td>Take computer course in Microsoft Word</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>January 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve approach to patients presenting with headache</td>
<td>Improve my case history taking and clinical neurological examination for patients presenting with headache so notes are comprehensive and more efficient</td>
<td>Australian Osteopathic Association seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>March 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pursue interest in treating children with coordination difficulties</td>
<td>Get an introduction to the overall factors involved in treating children with coordination difficulties</td>
<td>Observe an osteopath experienced in this work (Deborah Carter)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>May 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update knowledge on informed consent</td>
<td>Learn the most recent information on informed consent particularly in relation</td>
<td>Online e-learning course or reading latest information from</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>July 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to the treatment of children</td>
<td>relevant publications</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learn more about spondylolisthesis</td>
<td>Update my knowledge and skills in the diagnosis, clinical examination and treatment of spondylolisthesis and for referral options</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>July 2012</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Evaluating your CPD activities form – example

Name | CPD year | Registration id | Signature | Date
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---

Provider | Number of CPD hours claimed for this activity
N/A | 2

Learning activity was planned/unplanned (delete as appropriate)
---

Description of activity
Local group meeting with 3 other osteopaths – Helen Dale, Craig Easton, Suneesha Sondhi. Topic – treatment of spondylolisthesis

Case presentations and sharing of treatment approach

My learning objective related to this activity (n/a if activity was unplanned)
Update my knowledge and skills in the diagnosis, clinical examination and treatment of spondylolisthesis and for referral options

What experience did I gain from this? (what did I get out of it? What went well? What would have improved my learning?)
Discussion with group refreshed my clinical knowledge and diagnosis, and identified sources of recent research on spondylolisthesis. One of the group had contact with a local neurosurgeon with an interest in this area who was amenable to communicating with local osteopaths. Learned new treatment techniques that could be
applied to the lumbar spine using minimal force.

It was good to be able to share knowledge with colleagues in an open way and to be able to admit not knowing all the answers. The group aspect seemed to enhance the osteopathic practical approach that would have been lacking if I had just studied this area on my own.

How have I applied this to my professional work as an osteopath?
My interest was generated by having 3 patients with spondylolisthesis in the last 4 months. This learning has helped my management of them. I have discussed one patient's problem with the local neurosurgeon. This has also helped my work as a Clinic tutor at the Victoria University osteopathic program. Overall, I feel more confident managing the treatment of patients with this condition.

What further learning do I need in this area?
This activity identified recent research papers on spondylolisthesis which I will obtain and read.
### CPD annual summary form – example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CPD period</th>
<th>Total CPD hours</th>
<th>Total CPD hours</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Start date</td>
<td>End date</td>
<td>for learning with others</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Details of learning activity

- Please provide information on the activity undertaken, the type of activity (e.g., personal research, course etc., along with venue details if relevant)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject/topic</th>
<th>Type of activity</th>
<th>Venue</th>
<th>Completion dates of activity</th>
<th>Number of CPD hours claimed</th>
<th>Relevance to professional work as an osteopath</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Learning by oneself</td>
<td>Learning with others</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Subject/topic**
  - Mandatory CPD module (record keeping, informed consent and patient communication)
- **Type of activity**
  - Course
- **Venue**
  - Rydges Hotel, Melbourne

- **Completion dates of activity**
  - 10/12/11

- **Number of CPD hours claimed**
  - 4

- **Relevance to professional work as an osteopath**
  - This course updated my understanding of what is required with regard to record keeping, patient communication and informed consent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject/topic</th>
<th>Type of activity</th>
<th>Venue</th>
<th>Completion dates of activity</th>
<th>Number of CPD hours claimed</th>
<th>Relevance to professional work as an osteopath</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Learning by oneself</td>
<td>Learning with others</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Subject/topic**
  - Treatment of spondylolisthesis
- **Type of activity**
  - Group meeting with 3 other osteopaths

- **Completion dates of activity**
  - 15/3/2012

- **Number of CPD hours claimed**
  - 2

- **Relevance to professional work as an osteopath**
  - Discussion with group refreshed my clinical knowledge and diagnosis and identified sources of recent research on spondylolisthesis and also a local neurosurgeon with an interest in this area. Learned new treatment.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject/topic</th>
<th>Type of activity</th>
<th>Venue</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Computer course (Microsoft Word)</td>
<td>Distance learning via internet/CD-ROM</td>
<td>ICT Learning Solutions Sydney</td>
<td>February – April 2012</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>This course helped me to improve the efficiency of my communication with GPs by shortening the time taken to write letters about patients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whose headache? Neurological assessment of headache</td>
<td>Course</td>
<td>RMIT University Melbourne</td>
<td>20/5/2012</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>This has improved my ability to rapidly assess my patients presenting with headache in terms of case history taking, clinical examination methods and in deciding when it is best to refer for further evaluation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case presentations for patients’ treatment</td>
<td>Practice meeting</td>
<td>my practice</td>
<td>14/6/2012</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Learned from experience of colleagues where I was having difficulties with a particular patient’s treatment relating to neck and arm pain. Able to share my experience in helping colleagues with particular difficulties in treating patients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cauda equina and polymyalgia rheumatica</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17/9/2012</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>An article in the International Journal of Osteopathic Medicine (IJOM) about cauda equina and a colleague who had difficulty diagnosing polymyalgia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of activity</td>
<td>Venue</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading and research</td>
<td>IJOM and internet research</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rheumatic highlighted the need for me to refresh my knowledge in both areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadowing colleague</td>
<td>Deborah Carter's practice</td>
<td>16/10/2012</td>
<td>This is an area of practice I plan to develop further and I learned valuable case history taking and practical treatment skills from Deborah who is very experienced in this field</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critique of a research</td>
<td>my practice</td>
<td>18/11/2012</td>
<td>Needed to review the process of critiquing scientific papers and apply to this particular paper. Has enhanced my ability to be more discriminating in seeking a rationale for choice of treatment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>